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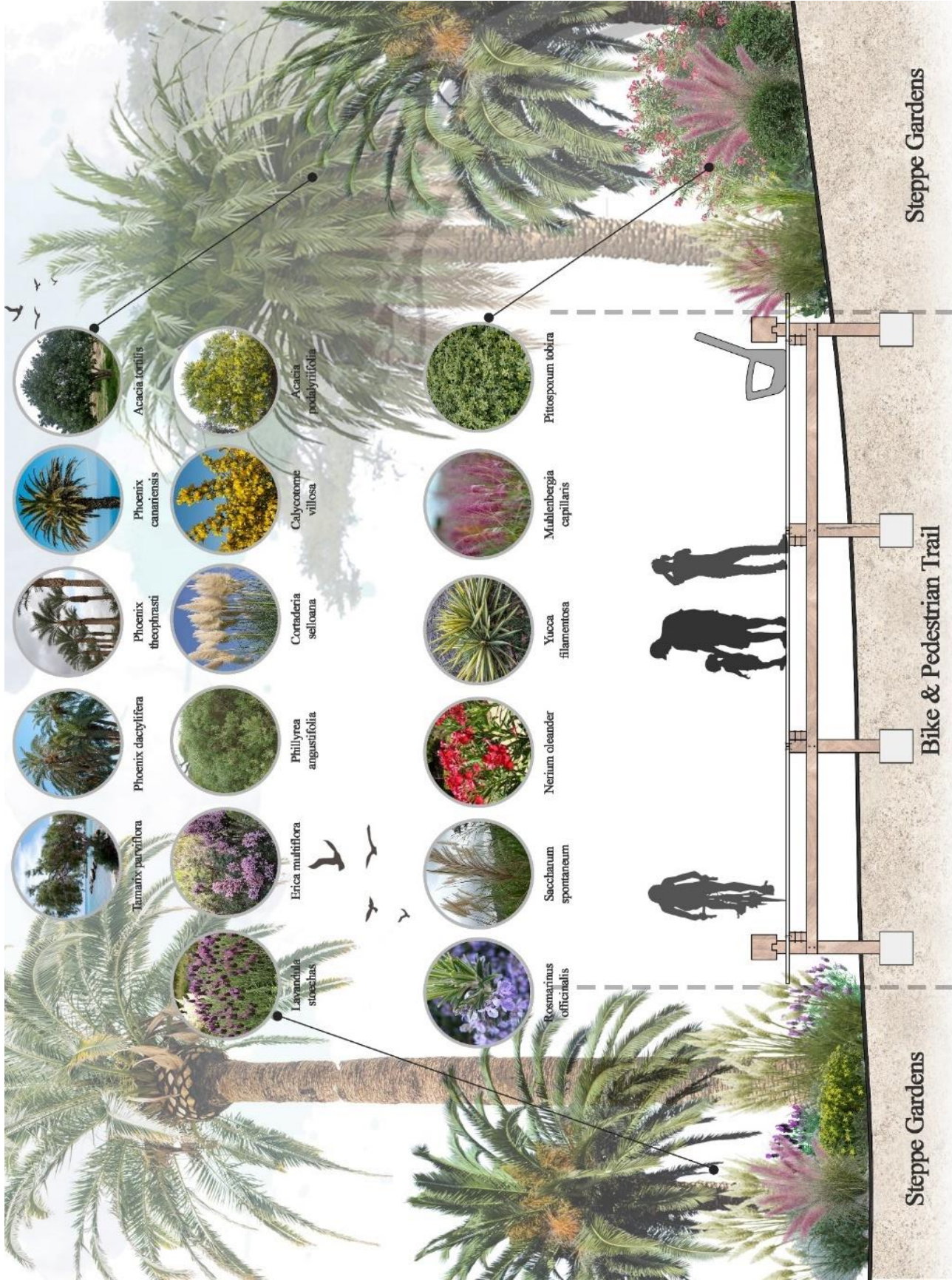
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Tamarix parviflora



Phoenix dactylifera



Phoenix theophrasti



Phoenix canariensis



Acacia tortilis



Lavandula stoechas



Erica multiflora



Phillyrea angustifolia



Cortaderia selloana



Calycotome villosa



Acacia podalyriifolia



Rosmarinus officinalis



Saccharum spontaneum



Nerium oleander



Yucca filamentosa



Muhlenbergia capillaris



Pitosporum tobira

Steppe Gardens

Bike & Pedestrian Trail

Steppe Gardens



Macroscale Analysis: Characteristics of the area

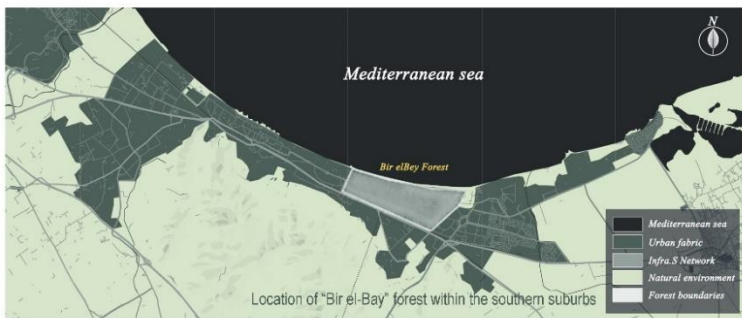
Location, History and Topography and water system



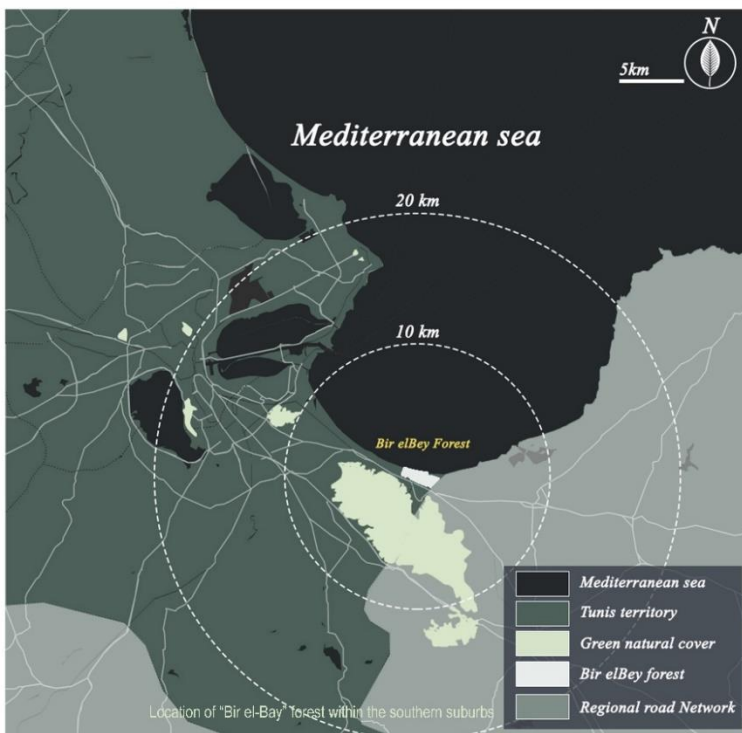
The southern suburbs of Tunis, within the governorate of Ben Arous, lie approximately 10 kilometers from the capital. Covering an area of 761 km², it is bordered by Zaghouan, Manouba, and Nabel. Urban expansion since the 20th century has transformed agricultural areas into residential and industrial zones. Ben Arous features flat terrain, with mountain ranges in the southeast, playing a role in water channeling. Bougaraine Mountain, with heights reaching 750 meters, supplies rainwater to nearby cities. This hydrological network includes creeks flowing through the region's topography, influencing its environmental dynamics.



Natural and Urban Landscape character

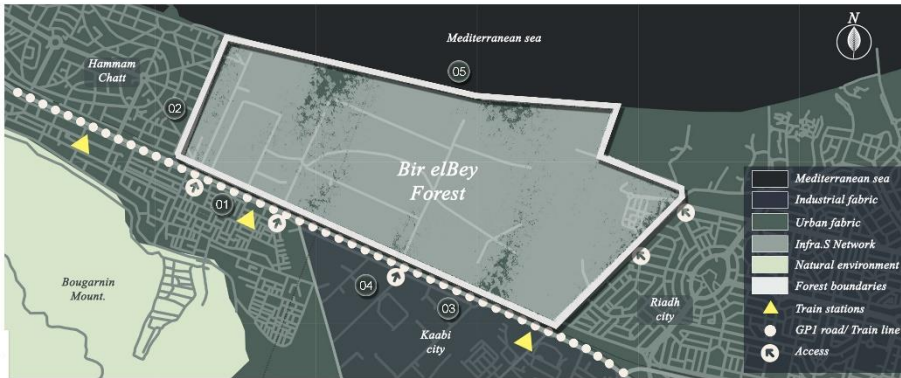


Urban network connections (Governorates/Cities):

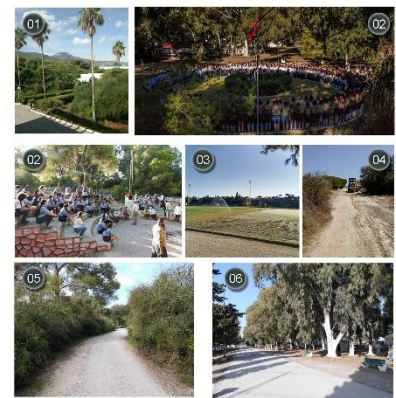


MESO-SCALE: THE SELECTED SITE

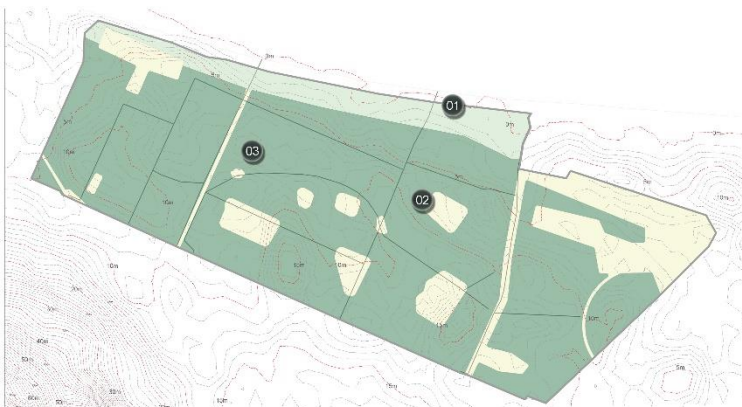
Size, Accessibility & Direct Context



Structure of the site and existing functions



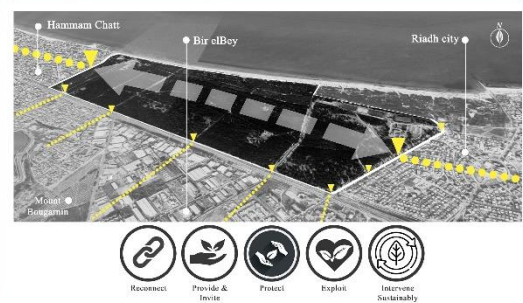
Green Cover Analysis



Synthesis

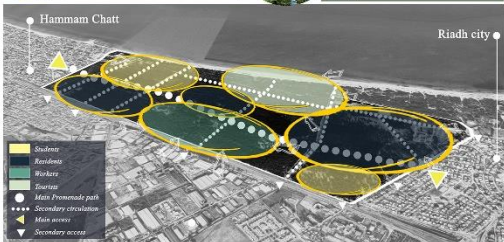
Challenges	Potentials
<p>Limited public access: Besides the existing functions dedicated to limited users, the forest doesn't contain any appealing set of functions for public use.</p>	<p>Ease of access: The location of the forest regarding the urban fabric is a very important factor in the success of the future project.</p>
<p>Urban obstacle: The forest is presenting in most parts, an urban obstacle for the surrounding cities due to inadequate connectivity to its insular context.</p>	<p>Varied landscapes: The different landscape characters within the forest can be promising for various ambiances and atmospheres.</p>
<p>Green space degradation: The green open space shows increasing degradation rates due to abundance, lack of maintenance, and inappropriate use.</p>	<p>Transport access: The forest is already connected to the transportation network.</p>
<p>Disconnected green network: The forest is no longer connected to the green network.</p>	<p>Diverse user types: The functions surrounding the forest regroup numerous categories: hotels, industrial areas, universities, schools, and residences, therefore, a variety of targeted users can be expected.</p>

Strategy & intervention goals



DESIGN STRATEGIES

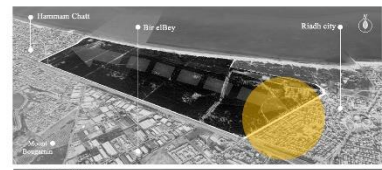
1-Provide, Invite, & Protect



3- Exploit



2-Reconnect



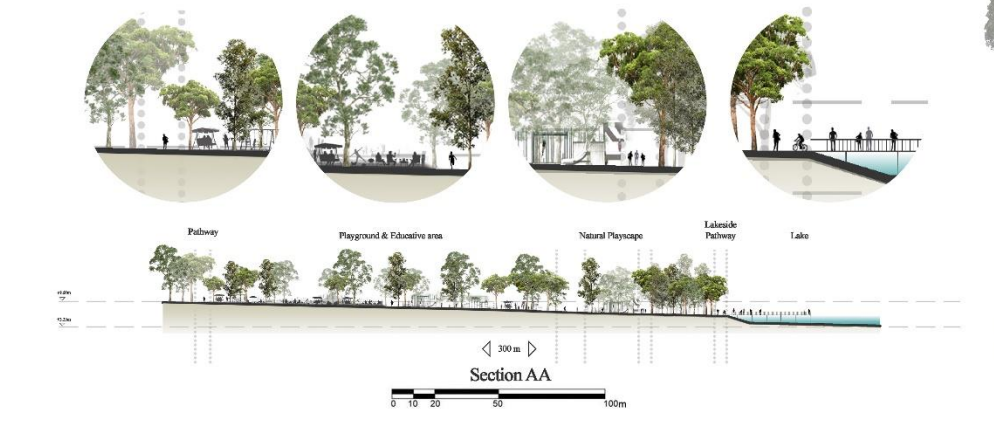
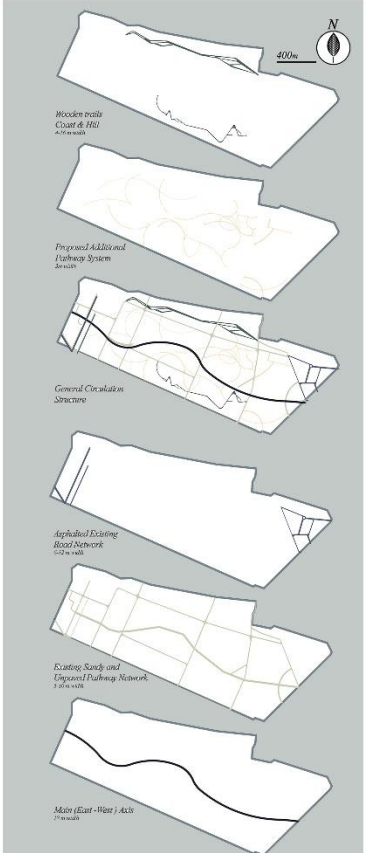
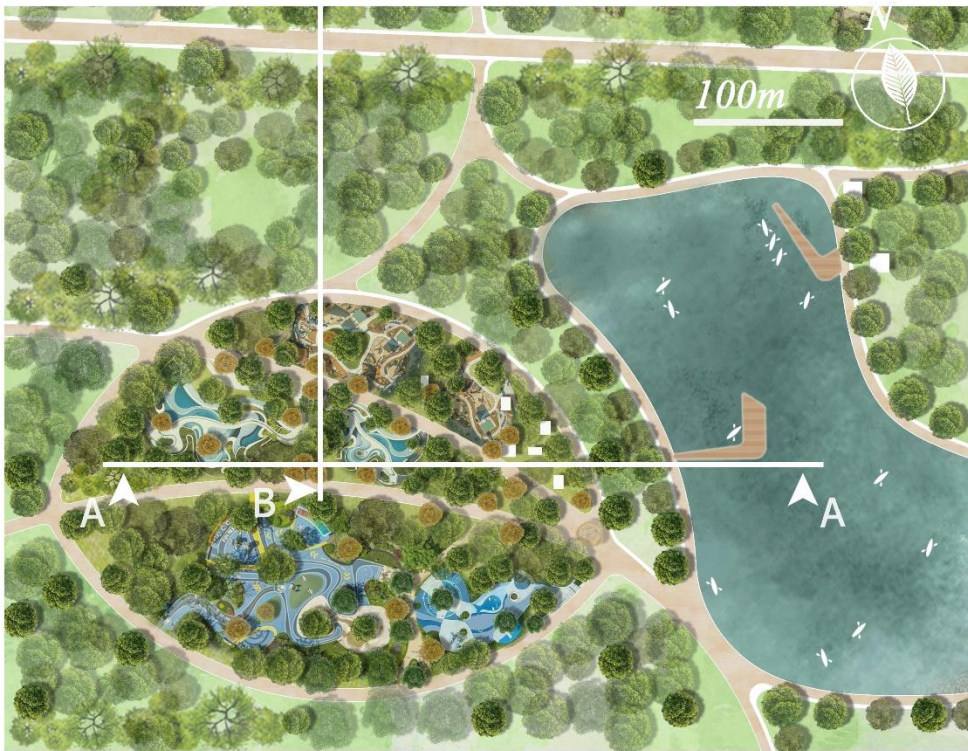
Size, Accessibility & Direct Context



MASTER PLAN



2D LAYOUT , SECTIONS & PATHWAYS TYPOLOGIES



2D PLAN LAYOUT & DETAILS



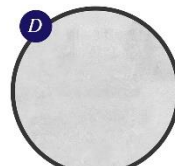
Steel Lawn Edging



Red Colored Rubber



Concrete Expansion Joint



Concrete Slabs



Natural rock



Deck wooden Panels



Quercus suber



Pinus Pinea



Eucalyptus gomphocephala



Pinus Halepinus



Genista aspalathoides



Coprosma repens



Cenchrus ciliaris



Peganum harmala



Echinodorus cordifolius



Scirpus maritimus



Phragmites australis



Carex glauca



Cyperus papyrus



Teucrium fruticans



Cladium spp



Agave asperima Jacobi

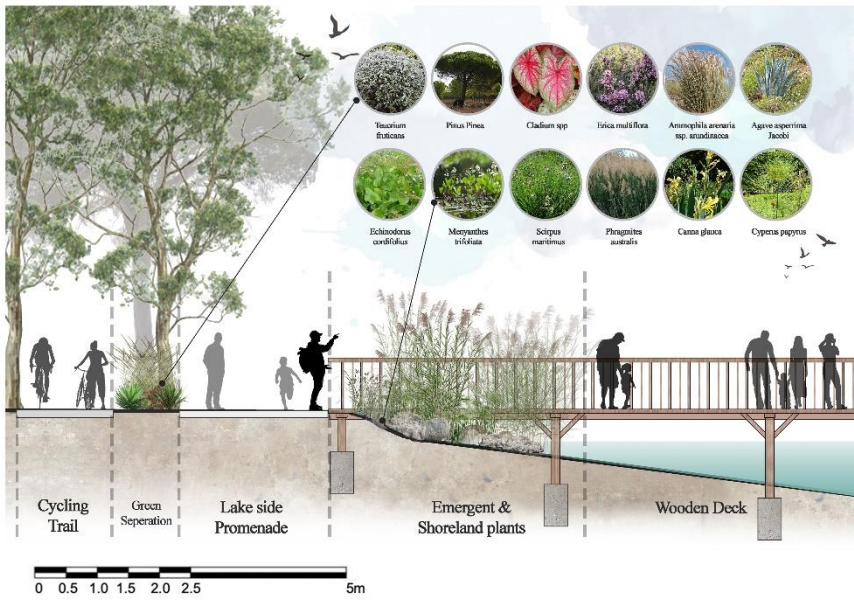


Erica multiflora



Ammophila arenaria ssp. arundinacea

SECTION & VISUALIZATIONS



DECLARATION

on authenticity and public assessment of final ~~essay~~/thesis/master's thesis/portfolio¹

Student's name: Firas Ben Youssef
Student's Neptun ID: N5HREH
Title of the document: Bir el-Bey Forest - Urban Park Development
Year of publication: 2024
Department: Landscape Architecture, Urban Planning, and Garden Art

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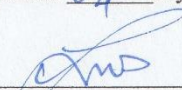
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